Doler (o-ue) and Indirect Object Pronouns (I.O.P.)

Some verbs use indirect object pronouns, which we will call I.O.P.'s. What are I.O.P's in Spanish?

| Meaning | I.O.P | Clarifier | Meaning | I.O.P |
|---------------|--|--|---|---|
| to me | | | to us | |
| to you | | , | to all of you | |
| to you (form) | | | to all of you (form) | |
| to him | | | to them | , |
| to her | | | to them (fem) | |
| to Juan | | | to Ana and Paco | |
| | to me to you to you (form) to him to her | to me to you to you (form) to him to her | to me to you to you (form) to him to her to Juan | to me to us to you to all of you to him to her to her to Juan to Mail of you to all of you (form) to hem to hem to Ana and Paco |

How it works:

| 1. | When a verb uses an I.O.P the verb can only be conjugated in | | | | |
|----|--|--------|--------|--|--|
| | two ways: & | | ·• | | |
| 2. | The I.O.P. always agrees with | hurts. | | | |
| 3. | The verb always agrees with | hurts. | Again, | | |
| | these can only be <u>singular</u> or <u>plural!</u> | , | e e | | |
| 4. | Doler followed by anour | use: | _ = = | | |
| 5. | Doler followed by a plural | or a | of | | |
| | nouns use: | | | | |

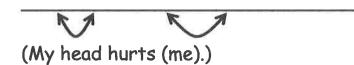
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To write these types of sentences we will follow this format:

| 1 | (A mí, A ti, A él, A nosotros) |
|---|--------------------------------|
| 2 | (me, te, le, nos, os, les) |
| 3 | (duele - duelen) |
| 4 | (la cabeza los aídos) |

Examples:

My head hurts.



- 1. Your ears hurt (you).
- 2. Paco's throat hurts (him).
- 3. All of your stomach's hurt (you).
- 4. Our feet hurt (us).
- 5. Their legs hurt (them).