

Nombre: _____ Apellido: _____
Asignación: Para Hacer Ahora (2/8-2/12) (Sixth)

Es el ocho de febrero

La meta: Our goal is to discuss a short story in Spanish and to conjugate stem-changing verbs

Answer the following true/false questions. Write C for cierto and F for falso.

1. _____ Cuando Berto va al Museo de Prado hace mal tiempo.
2. _____ Berto quiere ser un artista.
3. _____ A Berto le duelen los pies.
4. _____ Berto camina en el museo por cinco horas.

Es el nueve de febrero

La meta: Our goal is to discuss a short story in Spanish and to conjugate stem-changing verbs.

Match the new vocab from Berto y Sus Buenas Ideas to the correct meaning

- | | |
|-----------------|-------------|
| _____ caminar | a. to cry |
| _____ me duelen | b. hurts me |
| _____ llorar | c. says |
| _____ dice | d. raining |
| _____ lloviendo | e. to walk |

Es el diez de febrero

La meta: Our goal is to analyze a text in Spanish and order the sequence of events

Unscramble the Spanish word and write down the English translation

1. ratedesprse _____
2. cpeilslrae _____
3. yduesansear _____
4. epelcliol _____
5. lpeiene _____

Es el once de febrero

La meta: Our goal is to write complete Spanish sentences describing our daily routines

Writ the following words in Spanish

1. Alarm clock _____
2. To shower _____
3. To shave _____
4. Comb _____
5. To go to bed _____

Es el doce de febrero

La meta: Our goal is to discuss Incan culture and practices

Write one sentence about what you do before school. Remember to use “antes de”!

Write one sentence about what you do before bed. Remember to use “después de”!

Al FIN

Each day we will complete an “Al Fin” to wrap up class.

LUNES: Circle which letter changes in this stem-changing verb and write what it changes to.

Despertarse _____ --> _____

MARTES: Conjugate the following stem changing verbs. Remember they are also reflexive!

Yo (acostarse) _____

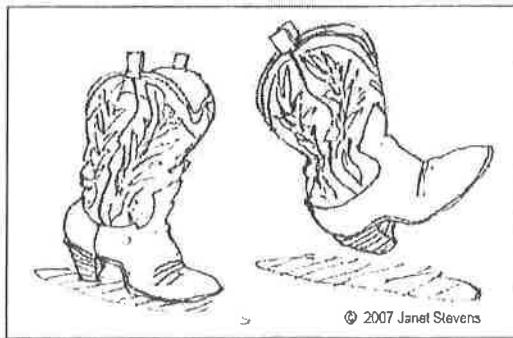
Ella (despertarse) _____

MIÉRCOLES: Finish the sentence:

Antes de comer yo... _____

JUEVES: Write one sentence using the phrase “después de”

VIERNES: Write one interesting fact about the Incas. You MUST write a fact.



Boot Verbs

In Spanish we call some verbs “boot verbs”. This means that when we conjugate the word there is a spelling change. Look below to see why we call them “boot verbs”.

despertarse (e-ie) = _____

Yo		Nosotros	
Tú		Vosotros	
Ud., él, ella		Uds., ellos/as	

¡Vamos a practicar!

1. Tú _____ temprano.
2. Yo _____ tarde.
3. Nosotros _____ a las seis.

acostarse (o →ue)

yo	_____ ac ____ esto	nosotros	_____ ac ____ stamos
tú	_____ ac ____ stas	vosotros	_____ ac ____ stáis
Ud./el ella	_____ ac ____ sta	Uds. / ellos/ellas	_____ ac ____ stan

dormirse (o →ue)

yo	_____ d ____ rmo	nosotros	_____ d ____ rmimos
tú	_____ d ____ rmes	vosotros	_____ d ____ rmís
Ud./el ella	_____ d ____ rme	Uds. / ellos/ellas	_____ d ____ rmen

vestirse (e →i)

yo	_____ v ____ sto	nosotros	_____ v ____ stimos
tú	_____ v ____ stes	vosotros	_____ v ____ stís
Ud./el ella	_____ v ____ ste	Uds. / ellos/ellas	_____ v ____ sten

1. Yo _____ después de ducharme. (vestirse)

2. Nosotros _____ por ocho horas. (dormirse)

3. Ella _____ temprano. (acostarse)

Nombre: _____ Apellido: _____

Asignación: Tarea: Reflexive Practice #1 – (No Boot Verbs)

Conjugate the reflexive verb correctly based on the subject given. REMEMBER THERE ARE TWO PARTS!

1. yo/ducharse _____
2. ellos/cepillarse el pelo _____
3. tú/peinarse _____
4. nosotros/ponerse la ropa _____
5. ella/lavarse las manos _____
6. yo/lavarse las manos _____
7. Ud./secarse el pelo _____
8. ella/maquillarse _____
9. nosotros/peinarse el pelo _____
10. ellos/levantarse _____

Nombre: _____ Apellido: _____

Asignación: Tarea: Reflexive Practice #1 – (No Boot Verbs)

Conjugate the reflexive verb correctly based on the subject given. REMEMBER THERE ARE TWO PARTS!

1. yo/ducharse _____
2. ellos/cepillarse el pelo _____
3. tú/peinarse _____
4. nosotros/ponerse la ropa _____
5. ella/lavarse las manos _____
6. yo/lavarse las manos _____
7. Ud./secarse el pelo _____
8. ella/maquillarse _____
9. nosotros/peinarse el pelo _____
10. ellos/levantarse _____

Nombre: _____ Apellido: _____

La fecha: Es el _____ de _____

Asignación: Actividad: Reflexive Verbs & Stem-Changing Verbs Grammar

A. Below are 8 sentences. Each sentence is missing a conjugated verb. First, choose the correct vocabulary word to complete each sentence, and write this word in the parenthesis. Second, write the correct conjugation in the blank of the sentence.

- Hint: Watch out for those reflexive verbs!!!
- Hint: Use the underlined words to help you!!!

acostarse (o-ue)	cepillarse	desayunarse	despertarse (e-ie)
lavarse	arreglarse	quitarse	secarse

1. Yo _____ tarde por la noche.

(_____)

2. Ella _____ temprano por la mañana.

.(_____)

3. Ellas _____ en el espejo lentamente.

(_____)

4. Tú _____ el pan tostado y los huevos.

.(_____)

5. Yo _____ me lavo la cara con la barra de jabón.

.(_____)

6. Nosotros _____ el pelo con el cepillo.

.(_____)

7. Paco _____ el pelo con el secador.

(_____)

8. Uds. _____ la ropa antes de ducharse.

(_____)

Nombre: _____ Apellido: _____
Asignación: Reflexivos **Minuto Loco**

Conjugate the reflexive verb correctly based on the subject given. REMEMBER THERE ARE TWO PARTS!

1. nosotros/ducharse
2. vosotros/cepillarse el pelo
3. yo/peinarse
4. tú/ponerse la ropa
5. ellos/lavarse las manos
6. ella/despertarse (e-ie)
7. uds./secarse el pelo
8. yo/acostarse (o-ue)
9. ud./ bañarse
10. yo/afeitarse
11. nosotros/secarse el pelo
12. tú/arreglarse
13. yo/despertarse (e-ie)
14. ellos/peinarse el pelo
15. ella/dormirse(o-ue)

Antes de + infinitive

1. Before eating breakfast I wash my hands.

2. Before going to bed you brush your teeth.

3. He shaves before showering.

Después de + infinitive

1. After eating breakfast I brush my teeth.

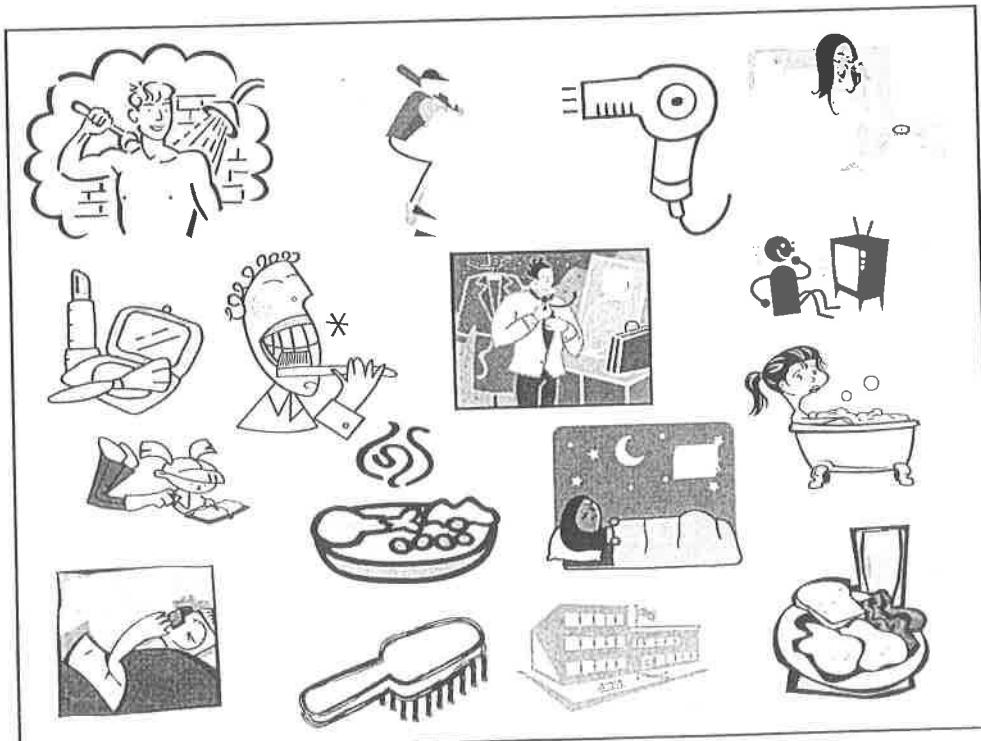
2. After bathing we get dressed.

3. She puts on make-up after washing her face.

Nombre: _____ Apellido: _____
Asignación: Actividad de Leer: Daily Routine

Read the paragraph below and number the pictures in the correct order that they happen! Watch out for important words like “antes de” and “después de”!

Por la mañana me despierto con el despertador a las seis, pero me levanto a las seis y media. **Después** de levantarme, me ducho. A continuación me seco el pelo y me pongo la ropa. **Antes** de desayunar me cepillo el pelo y me maquillo. **Después** de desayunar me cepillo los dientes. Luego salgo de mi casa a las siete y media porque tengo que estar en la escuela a las ocho menos cuarto. **Después** de la escuela practico béisbol y usualmente me baño **después** de practicar béisbol. Luego hago mi tarea. A las seis de la noche como la cena con mi familia. **Después** de comer la cena miro la tele. Finalmente me acuesto a las nueve de la noche.



Nombre: _____ Apellido: _____

Es el _____ de _____

Asignación: Tarea- FK2 Review Unit 4

A. Identify the pictures below with the correct Spanish vocabulary word.



1. _____



2. _____



3. _____

B. Match the Spanish word on the left with its correct English meaning on the right.

_____ acostarse

a. to get up

_____ despertarse

b. to get dressed

_____ maquillarse

c. to look at oneself

_____ ponerse la ropa

d. to wake up

_____ mirarse

e. to put on makeup

_____ levantarse

d. to go to bed

C. Fill in the blanks with an appropriate item to finish each sentence.

1. Para ducharse se usa _____

2. Para despertarse se usa _____

3. Para secarse el pelo se usa _____

4. Para cepillarse los dientes se usa _____

5. Para peinarse se usa _____

Nombre: _____ Apellido: _____
Asignación: Video – Ancient Civilizations for Children: Inca

Cultura de Inca

1. The Incas ate _____ more than 500 years ago.
2. The Inca Empire stretched more than _____ miles down the Andes Mountains and included close to _____ million people.
3. The Inca did not use the wheel or have a _____ system.
4. Ollantaytambo was a special retreat for the _____.
5. The terraces were built for _____ on the steep slopes of the mountains.
6. The Inca did not use _____ when constructing their stone buildings, instead each stone was cut by hand to fit perfectly with another.
7. In _____ Hiram Bingham set out to find the “lost city” of the Inca.
8. One of the most impressive structures of Machu Picchu was a tower Bingham named the “Temple of the _____.”
9. Machu Picchu was mysteriously abandoned in _____.
10. The Moche and Nasca are other civilizations that lived along the _____ of Peru.
11. Pachacuti called himself earth-_____.
12. Inca builders were great _____ builders.
13. Relay runners or royal couriers would be referred to as a _____ today. **
14. Every Inca emperor was known as Sapa Inca or _____ one.



15. Inca priests were _____ too, even performing _____ surgery.
16. Inca considered their finest cloth to be more valuable than _____ because it took so long to craft.
17. Everyone did at least one job for the _____ or empire every year.
18. The Inca did not use horses because they did not _____ in South America at the time.
19. The Intihautana celebration is known as the festival of the _____.
20. In ancient times and today the style of your headdress or _____ tells where you come from.
21. The Nasca are known today for their mysterious lines in the _____.
22. The Moche are famous for their beautiful _____.
23. The markets today are _____ to the Inca markets hundreds of years ago.
24. Inca _____ guinea pigs.
25. At age _____ Inca boys and girls boy went through important ceremonies.
26. Inca boys have to endure tests of _____ and courage.
27. Inca girls have to _____ for 3 days.
28. The Incas called gold the _____ of the sun.
29. The Incas called silver the _____ of the moon.
30. The Inca Empire lasted only _____ years.